Alexandria DAILY Gazette, Commercial & Political.

VOL X.] FRIDAY, JANUARY 19, 1810. 2694.

Sales at Vendue.

On every Tuesday and Friday,

WILL BE SOLD

At the Vendue Store, corner of Prince and Water streets.

A Variety of Dry Goods, Groceries, &c.

Particulars of which will be expressed in the bills of the day——All kinds of goods which are on limitation and the prices of which are established, can at any time be viewed and purchased at the lowest limitation and prices.

P. G. Marsteller, v. m.

Wanted to Hire for the ensuing Year,

A NEGRO MAN, who can work in the house, and take care of horses. Apply to the PRINTER.

November 14. d

FRESH FRUIT.

The subscriber has just received and offers for sale,

Malaga Raisins in kegs,
Muscatel and Bloom Raisins in boxes.

ALSO,

36 bags and 12 barrels Coffee.

James Patton.

April 19.

Just Published,

[Price 12 and a half Cents.]

For sale, at R. GRAY'S Bookstore, King-street.

A Discourse on the Resurrection of the Body:

By the Rev. Samuel Stanhope Smith, President of Princeton College.

November 10.

NEW ALMANAC.

COTTOM & STEWART,

HAVE JUST PUBLISHED THEIR

ALMANAC,

For 1810.

Containing, besides the astronomical calculations, a variety of useful and entertaining matter.

ALSO,

GERMAN ALMANCS,

For 1810.

For sale by the Gross, Dozen, or single one

October

Charles Slade & Thos. Grimshaw,

HAVING entered into partnership in the ROPE-MAKING BUSINESS, offer for sale, at their store on Merchants' wharf, a general assortment of CORDAGE and SHIP-CHANDLERY, at which place, or at their rope-walk, they will receive orders for any description of Cordage warranted to be made out of the best materials and manufactured in such a manner as will bear the inspection of the best judges.

N. B. A liberal price will be always given for HEMP of the best quality.

November 24. d

MILITARY LANDS.

FOR SALE,

Or will be exchanged for Property in Alexandria or its vicinity,

A Warrant for 696 acres of Land,

Granted by the state of Virginia for Military services during the revolutionary war. This land lies in the state of Ohio, and is said to be amongst the best in the state. It will be sold a great bargain. Apply to

John Longden.

May 15.

A GREAT BARGAIN.

THE subscriber wishing to remove to the western country, will sell the FARM on which he resides in Fairfax county, 11 miles from Alexandria, 9 from George Town ferry, and about the same from the Potomac bridge crossing to the city of Washington—in a healthy, agreeable neighborhood, containing about 470 acres, on which is a convenient dwelling house, large enough for a genteel family, together with all the outhouses suitable, all new or nearly so; an orchard of apple trees of selected fruit, together with different other fruit trees, a proportion of improved meadow for the scythe, and a large portion more may easily be made. Any person inclined to purchase may know the terms by application to Mr. JOHN DULIN, adjoining the said farm, or the subscriber on the premises.

E. Dulin.

FOR FREIGHT,

The staunch, fast sailing SCHOONER

General Johnston,

Burthen about one hundred tons, Stephen L. Davis, master.—Apply to

John G. Ladd.

January 4.

LIBERAL WAGES

WILL be given for a smart active BOY and GIRL for the ensuing year

Apply to the Printer.

Dec. 26.

Just Received,

AND FOR SALE BY

CHARLES I. CATLETT,

75 chests Imperial, Hyson, & Young Hyson Teas.
30,000 lbs. prime Green Coffee.
20 pipes and 8 quarter casks Lisbon and Teneriffe Wine.
8 hogsheads Muscovado Sugar.
2000 lbs. Seine Twine.
50 boxes Mould Candles.
50 do. Spanish Segars.
8 barrels Pimento.

October 16.

LANDING

From the sloop Ranger, Captain Campbell, and for sale by

Lawrason and Fowle,

30 tons Plaister Paris
20 barrels New-England Rum
100 kegs Salmon
4 chests Hyson Tea
30 coils Grass Rope
5000 yards Tow Cloth
33 casks Goshen Cheese, of a superior quality.

IN STORE,

30,000 weight Green Coffee
25 hogsheads and 20 barrels Muscovado Sugars
10 chests Young Hyson Tea, of a superior quality.
50 cases Florence Oil, 12 bottles each
100 bolts Ravens Duck
100 reams Writing Paper.
30 barrels Tanners Oil
3 casks Sperm Oil
4 pipes 4th proof Alicant Brandy
4 puncheons Jamaica Rum
200 barrels Mess No. 1 & No. 2 Beef
50 barrels Prime Pork
150 boxes Brown Soap
6 casks Timothy Seed
50 boxes Cod Fish
50 Do. No. 1 & 3 Chocolate
10 barrels Salmon
20,000 lbs Sole Leather
30 packages Shoes different qualities.
30 casks Bellona Gunpowder
1 case German Checks

WANTED,

1000 bushels clean Rye, for which Cash will be given.

Apply as above.

The Subscriber

Has received the following articles:

New Orleans and St. Croix Sugars of the first quality
Mississippi Cotton of the first quality
Cogniac Brandy, St. Croix Rum, Holland Gin
London Particular Madeira, Sherry, Lisbon } WINES
Superior Claret in cases
Imperial, Hyson, Young Hyson, Hyson Skin, Souchong, & Bohea } TEAS.
Best Green Coffee in bags and barrels
Gunpowder
P. B. Patent Shot, from B. B. to No. 9
Mould Shot, B L. and S S. G.
Salt Petre, double refined
Spanish Flotant Indigo
Copperas of the 1st quality
Fresh Nutmegs
Pimento and black Pepper,
Demijohns,

With a general assortment of GROCERIES, and as usual, old Jamaica Spirits Peach Brandy, and old Port wine in bottles.

The above articles will be sold very low by the wholesale or retail.

TO RENT,

A convenient and well finished BRICK HOUSE, at the upper end of King street.

James Sanderson.

Nov 3

For Sale, Freight or Charter,

The BRIG

PRESAGE,

Well found and nearly new burthen 1500 barrels, laying at M'Clean's wharf. For terms apply to

Tenny & Ober, or
Daniel M'Clean.

Landing from the above vessel, and for sale,

13 hhds. COFFEE,
40 bags COCOA, and
3 puncheons RUM.

Tenny & Ober.

January 12.

JUST RECEIVED

BY THE SUBSCRIBER,

10 hhds. retailing Molasses.
10 do 4th proof Jamaica & Antigua Rum.
20 barrels New England Rum.

Joseph H. Mandeville.

January 10 d10t

The Subscriber

Will dispose of at Public Sale, at 12 o'clock, on Saturday the 20th day of Jan. on the premises,

The House and Lot on King-street,

Now occupied by Mr. Thomas Shreeve, reserving to himself, his heirs and assigns a free passage at all times from & to the twenty feet alley in the back of the lot, to and from the house now occupied by Mr. Rt. Gray, and the buildings back of said house.

The terms of sale, one half cash, for the other half a note with a good endorser, payable in ninety days from the day of sale, and negotiable at the Bank of Alexandria.

Stephen Cooke.

January 3

ROSE HILL FOR SALE.

This healthy, beautiful, and well improved SEAT is now offered for sale.

It contains 400 acres, 150 of which are in wood. No land is better adapted to the use of Plaister of Paris, and there is some very valuable meadow land upon it.

For terms apply to W. H. Foote, esq. upon the premises, or to the subscriber in Charles county, Maryland.

Benjamin Dulany, jun.

September 14. d

New Hardware Store.

ADAM LYNN & CO.

Have received by the ship DUMFRIES, *from Liverpool, via Baltimore,*

A large and general assortment of

Ironmongery, Cutlery, Saddlery, japanned & brass Ware:

Which they now offer for sale, wholesale and retail, at their store, corner of King and Royal-streets, lately occupied by *Peter Sherron.*

They have also for sale,

Barr-Iron and Steel.

December 11.

TO RENT,

A handsome convenient two story Brick Dwelling House, with out houses complete, and garden situate on Patrick between King and Prince-streets.

ALSO,

A convenient two story Frame House on the Mall. Apply to

Isaac Gibson.

January 15.

Public Sale.

On TUESDAY next, will be sold, at the Vendue Store, on a credit of four months,

A Negro Lad of seventeen years,

who has eighteen years to serve.

P. G. Marsteller.

January 18.

Public Sale.

On TUESDAY next will be sold at the Vendue Store, for the benefit of the underwriters,

One foresail, one cabouse and a pump, damaged on board the schooner Maria, John M'Knight, master.

Philip G. Marsteller.

January 18.

For Freight or Charter,

The Barque

George William,

Burthen 160 tons,

STEPHEN HOPKINS, Master.

Apply to

John G. Ladd,

Who has for sale, now landing from said barque,

118 quarter casks first quality Sherry Wine
40 chests Young Hyson, Hyson and Imperial Teas, of the latest importation.

The above entitled to debenture.

Dec. 30.

LANDING

From the Norfolk Packet and for sale by

Lawrason and Fowle;

15 hhds. Retailing MOLASSES,
100 boxes Fresh Muscatel RAISINS.

January 8.

JAMES BACON

Begs leave to inform his former customers and friends, that he has

Recommenced the Grocery Business,

At his Store on King near Washington-street.

WHERE HE OFFERS FOR SALE,

A well chosen assortment of goods, in that line,

Warranted genuine, particularly his

TEAS, WINES & LIQUORS,

Which are of a superior quality—He will dispose of each and every article on the most moderate terms.

May 2. dtf.

☞ BUTTER.

4000 lbs. firkin Butter, in good shipping order.
20 boxes Dixon's fresh Mustard.
40 kegs Leiper's & Garret's Snuffs,

Just received by

Joseph Mandeville,

Corner of King and Fairfax-streets.

With a general assortment of Groceries as usual.

November 28.

Public Sale.

On THURSDAY, 25th instant, will be sold, on the premises, on a credit of 6, 12, and 18 months,

Two two story Brick Houses

situated on Royal street, between Prince and Duke streets, and several vacant Lots of Ground, situated on Royal & Duke streets.

P. G. Marsteller.

January 18.

Public Sale on Conway's wharf.

On SATURDAY next, the 20th instant, at eleven o'clock, A. M. will be sold,

The entire CARGO of the Brig Mary-Ann, Capt. Dyer, from Cadiz,

CONSISTING OF—

48 quarter casks old Sherry Wine,
178 jars Olives,
25 casks Raisins,
200 boxes Muscadel and Bloom do.
9 bags Walnuts,
10 do. Filberts,
6 do. Soft-shelled Almonds,
100 frails Figs,

One bale Straw Carpets and Mats, and between 4620 and 4300 bushels Salt.

And immediately after,

Will be sold, the said Brig,

With all her furniture and apparel as she came from sea.

Terms will be make known at the time of sale.

P. G. MARSTELLER.

January 18.

Ten Dollars Reward

For apprehending and delivering to me a negro man named SAM, who left this on the 13th instant: he is by trade a blacksmith, about 20 years of age, 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high, rather slender in form, and has a pleasant countenance. If taken out of this county an additional compensation will be allowed.

Buthrod Washington.

January 18—18p

Alexandria Daily Gazette,
COMMERCIAL AND POLITICAL.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY
SAMUEL SNOWDEN,
Royal-street, Alexandria.

Daily Gazette, 6 Dollars per annum.
Country Gazette, 5 Dollars.

FRIDAY, JANUARY 19.

FROM THE BOSTON GAZETTE.

THE DIPLOMATIC POLICY OF MR. MADISON UNVEILED.

NO. V.

The Origin Progress and Issue of Mr. Erskine's arrangement.

It has been shown that this arrangement originated in proposals transmitted by Mr. Erskine *as from our own government*:—That the instructions were formed upon a basis supposed to have been proposed by them:—That the convention itself affords no evidence of sincerity on the part of our administration, because it was concluded not only without a demand of Mr. Erskine's full powers, without a knowledge that such powers existed, but with the express knowledge that he violated what he had stated to be his instructions. We have endeavored to shew a good reason why our government should be willing to take such a hazardous step with the full conviction that the agreement would be rejected—that the tendency of it would be to widen the breach between the two countries, and therefore would be the most grateful offering which Mr. Madison could make to his own party, and that as such it has been received—as a pledge of his devotion to their views, of his disposition to gratify the most favorite wishes of their hearts.

Mr. Madison had further motives sufficiently powerful to induce him to take this bold and awful step.

The non-intercourse with Great Britain, as a substitute to the embargo, pleased no party in the United States. It was an extorted compromise with the different parties in our country. To the southern states it afforded but an imperfect relief. The necessity of transhipment, of a circuitous voyage in order to bring their staple productions to their best market, G. Britain, afforded them only a partial remedy. Whatever may be the pretences of Mr. Madison, that the United States have suffered an "*irreparable injury*" by Mr. Erskine's agreement, and that Great Britain has gained an essential advantage, the people of the U. States know and feel the contrary to be the fact. The most popular act therefore Mr. Madison could have performed was the opening of the direct trade with G. Britain. This he well knew, and this the experience of the short interval of freedom abundantly proves.

Another consideration powerfully operated with Mr. Madison. It had been contended by Mr. Madison and his party from the time of his famous resolutions in 1795, that America held the destinies of Great Britain in the hollow of her hand—that we had only to open our granaries and she enjoyed plenty—and to close them and she starved. The embargo was the effect and the experiment of this policy. Although it disappointed all the hopes of its friends, yet the folly of Mr. Erskine (to use the mildest term) seemed to offer them a hope of proving to their party, what experience had already convinced the leaders was not true, that their prophecies were correct. If the second nation in Europe could be compelled to relinquish her general policy, without a substitute, merely by our restrictive energies; the triumph of Mr. Madison was complete.

Although, therefore, he might have known and as we have shewn did know, that G. Britain never meant to recede from her system of retaliation, but with a substitute on our part, which would completely supercede it and occupy its place; yet when he found a feeble minister capable of being cajoled by general professions, and influenced by a desire of assisting the party to which his father and himself belonged in Great Britain who (always in opposition) had particularly *opposed* the British retaliating Orders; is it extraordinary, that Mr. Madison should be willing to agree to an arrangement, though persuaded that it would be rejected, which would afford a temporary triumph to his principles?

His game was a certain one—he could not be a loser, and he might gain immortal glory.

If, said he, Great Britain, unwilling as I know her to be, to enter into a contest with us, shall ratify the unauthorised act of her minister, then we can justly boast that our policy, our restrictive, pacific, energetic policy, has brought to our feet the proud mistress of the ocean; my praise will be in all the cities; and France, grateful for my co-operation, will add praises and new laurels to my brow. But if Great-Britain, indignant at the conduct of her minister, shall refuse to ratify, we shall have created a new cause of complaint; I shall be fixed more firmly than ever in the affections of my party, and in the good will of France.

Though these considerations were sufficient to any reasonable calculating politician, yet Mr. Madison looked still deeper. "The passions of a populace (he must have said to himself) are not so easily controled The leaders must consult these passions, not attempt to direct them. It is too Herculean a task to hope to render a state of peace with G. Britain *popular*. The federalists and men of property will support me, to be sure, but an honest peace with England will destroy the firmest administration. To avoid then, this rock, upon which even Washington's administration had almost split, I will take care (said Mr. Madison so to conduct this negociation, that it shall be impossible, *absolutely impossible*, for Great-Britain to accede to the arrangement."

In examining Mr. Erskine's agreement we accordingly find a language adopted by our cabinet which breathes the spirit of defiance, rather than of friendship; which resembles rather a manifesto of war than a friendly discussion leading to a permanent peace.

When parties suppose they are about to settle their differences, it is common and it is natural to adopt a language of conciliation. In this case we find no courtesy, but a spirit of reproof. Great-Britain had contended, that it was our duty, to repel the aggressions of France, and she had manifested a disposition uniformly to withdraw her orders in council whenever we should take any effectual steps to vindicate our own rights against France, in the vindication of which she herself had a direct interest—For her orders in council were nothing more than retaliating upon her enemy that injustice which neutrals (the only one of which remaining was America) permitted France to inflict upon her *through their flags*.

As soon then as Great Britain found we were disposed to resist the decrees of France, she was ready to withdraw her orders in council, inasmuch as our laws, if duly enforced, would supercede the necessity of her blockade.

Upon this basis Mr. Erskine's arrangement is professedly founded; but although this was the only ground upon which Great Britain could with any honor as it respected her enemy withdraw her orders in council, yet our ministers inserted in this *pretended affected* pacific arrangement, a clause which took away from Great Britain the only *salvo* to her pride—the only apology for her honor. They declared that the act prohibiting intercourse with France did not "proceed from any disposition to produce an equality between the two nations, but arose from separate and *distinct considerations*." In other words, lest you should presume that we were actuated by a sense of justice to you or by your remonstrances on that subject, we declare we had no intention to do you justice, and your acknowledgement and repeal we choose to have considered as a pure concession to us and to our forcible and energetic measures.

A still more affrontive clause was added to the acceptance of satisfaction for the Chesapeake.

The government of the United States did accept, as a full and complete satisfaction, the terms which G. Britain offered. If peace had been the object it should have been received with good will, but in lieu of this, our minister told Mr. Erskine, after agreeing to the term, "that it would have been more for the honor of his Britannic majesty to have punished admiral Berkeley.

Admit the fact thus offensively alledged, if you choose: Admit it was disreputable in his Britannic majesty not to punish admiral Berkeley: Still we agreed to accept of satisfaction *without it*—and if a good understanding had been wished or expected, we ought to have abstained from such offensive terms.

It cannot be necessary to men of sentiment to add, that to say that it would have been *more to his Britannic majesty's honor* to have done a certain thing is tantamount to saying that to omit doing it is *dishonorable*.

Is this the administration which is so alive to the insults of Mr. Jackson, which no man can perceive and no man point out?

The fact is well known, that when these expressions were read in the British Parliament all the bitter distinctions of party were melted away, and dissipated in one common sense of indignation at an unmerited, unprovoked and deliberate insult, at a moment of *affected reconciliation*.

Mr. Erskine has never found a defender in Parliament: No, nor even in the prostituted vehicles of the opposition.

Where then do we find the evidence of sincerity of our government? In making a treaty without demanding the powers of the agent? In forming a convention with a man who stated that he was violating his instructions? Or in the unprecedented affrontive language made use of after a compromise had been agreed to?

In the *present number* I have only time to add one more proof to those I have already adduced of insincerity. It is a fact, that although this arrangement was made with Great Britain, all the democratic papers continued the same virulent abuse of that government which they had used when we were on the eve of a war.

But a more *material fact is*, that Mr. Gallatin, the secretary of the treasury;—Mr. Seaver, democratic member of Congress from Norfolk, on the 4th July, at Dedham; and the marshal of this district, are said, all of them, before the disavowal of Great Britain was known in this country, to have publicly declared that they feared the agreement would not be ratified because Mr. Erskine had *exceeded* his powers—How did these gentlemen *divine this?* If from our cabinet the information was derived, what becomes of their *sincerity*, what of their honesty in clamoring against Great Britain for an act which their own conscience had taught them to expect.

From the BOSTON CENTINEL.

Appeal to the people.—The following is a copy of the insolent letter which citizen Genet sent to the secretary of state, during the Washington administration. It is republished to refresh the minds of those who have forgotten, that this letter was not only justified and applauded by the democratic party in 1793, but was the foundation on which the "*Jacobin Clubs*" of that day were established; and in which Genet's cause against the government of Washington was espoused by many of those who are now loud in their vociferations in favor of "supporting government and the constituted authorities." It is also republished, that the American people—who, thank heaven, can all read—may compare it with the note which Mr. Jackson, the British minister lately addressed to the consuls of that nation; which was merely a copy of a note which Mr. Oakly had sent in the name of Mr. Jackson to Mr. Smith, the secretary of state, and has been published in the documents; but which has been declared to have been an appeal to the people, as flagitious as that of Genet's, and has been attempted to be made one of the pretexts for stimulating the people to acquiesce in a declaration of war against England.

Philadelphia, December 20, 1793.

SECOND YEAR OF THE FRENCH REPUBLIC, ONE AND INDIVISIBLE.

Citizen Genet, Minister Plenopotentiary of the French Republic to the United States, to Mr. Jefferson, Secretary of State.

SIR,

THE politics of regenerated France, having candor, frankness, and publicity for their only basis, the mysterious secrecy of courts being entirely rejected from her council and the only art of her public agents being that of using none, I have informed you that I would publish my correspondence with the federal government, and likewise the instructions that have been given to me by the executive council of the French republic.

The sheet which contain my correspondence, are not yet printed off, but those which contain the translation of my instructions being finished, I hasten to enclose to you copies of them. I beg they may be distributed among the members of Congress, and that you will request the President of the United States to lay them officially before both houses of that legislative body. This first part of the collection, which I announce to you in due succession, will enable the representatives of the American people to determine whether my political conduct since I have resided in the United States has been conformable to the intentions of the French people.

This step is a duty which I conceive, I owe to my country, and thus, leaving it to your sage legislators to take such measures respecting the points that are in negociation between us, as the interest of the U. States shall appear to require, nothing will remain for me to do but to prosecute in your courts of judicature, the authors and abettors of the odious and vile machinations that have been plotted against me, by means of a series of impostures, which, for a while, have fascinated the minds of the public, and *misled even your first magistrate*, with a view to sever, at least, if not to break off entirely, the alliance between two nations, which every consideration calls upon to unite and rivet still faster, the bonds which tie them to each other, at a period when the most imminent danger equally threatens them both.

Accept my respects,

GENET.

BOSTON, *Jan.* ..

Arrived sch'r Sally, Aikins, 51 days from Teneriffe.

We have already reported the condemnation of the ship Jenney, capt. Dorr, of this port, at Calcutta; we since learn that said ship sailed from this port June 7th, 1807, for Canton, by a circuitous route, having a cargo of provisions, specie, &c. She first touched at Coughs Island, afterwards at the isles of Amsterdam and St. Paul, for the purpose of giving information to another vessel belonging to the same owner. The Jenney then proceeded to Sydney, New South Wales, from thence to the Figee Islands, and then procured a cargo of sandal wood, and proceeded for China, and having lost her fore and main masts in a violent gale, she stopped at the island of Guam to repair and get new spars, which was done in about 40 days, during which time every assistance was rendered by the governor. She then sailed for Canton, and when within five hours sail of Macoa was captured by capt. Tucker of the British frigate Dover, and her papers, books, &c. taken possession of, including bales of exchange, her specie taken out; and although an offer was made to let the ship proceed to Canton, cargo and all be sold and placed in safe hand there, where it would bring an interest of twelve per cent. per annum, subject to the order of whomsoever might recover upon a trial at law, before the proper court in India, or Europe; yet this reasonable offer was rejected the ship and cargo sent to Calcutta, where neither of them would produce half their value. There she was tried and condemned with every thing on board, June 7th, 1809, for a violation of the blockading orders in council of the 11th of Nov. 1807, in going into the port of Guam, a colony of Spain, which judge sir Henry Russel did not consider warranted by the British order of July 4, 1808; but he recommended an appeal to the higher court in London, observing that those who made the law could best construe it. It is worthy of remark that this ship sailed from Boston 5 months before the date of the orders in council, under which she was condemned and with which neither the captain or supercargo were acquainted until the capture. This case is further aggravated by the circumstance of having incurred already expences of the suit, &c. at Calcutta of 6000 dollars.

NEW PUBLICATIONS

Just received for sale by

James Kennedy, Sen.

A Letter on the Genius and Dispositions of the French Government; including a view of the Taxation of the French Empire—by an American recently returned from Europe.

ALSO,

The Parents Assistant, or Stories for Children—by Maria Edgeworth.

January 12. en2w

Public Sale.

At one o'clock, P. M. on SATURDAY the 10th day of February next, the subscriber will offer for sale, at the coffee house,

A Lot of Ground on the north side of King street, between Fairfax & Water streets, extending in front on King street 34 feet 4 inches, in depth 90 feet, bounded on the north by Ramsay's alley.

The sale will be made under a deed of trust to the subscriber, and an indisputable title conveyed to the purchaser. A credit of three, six, and 9 months will be allowed on good negotiable notes with an approved endorser. A lien on the property will be retained until payment.

R. I. Taylor.

January 16. 2aws

Alexandria Daily Gazette.

FRIDAY, JANUARY 19.

☞ For the information and satisfaction of the shippers of goods on board the sloop UNITY, captain C. HAND, from Philadelphia for this port, we are requested to state, that she lay at Reedy Island on the 8th instant, waiting for a fair wind.

Extract of a letter from Norfolk, to a gentleman in this town.

"I have received letters from Martinique and St. Croix up to the 25th December. The expedition has gone against Guadaloupe—that previous thereto two French frigates and a corvette had arrived at an out port, and had just time to land 700 men, when admiral Cochran attacked them and the battery, destroyed a frigate and three corvettes. The Melampus frigate had captured another corvette. On the French frigates passage out they fell in with H. B. M. frigate Juno, captain Shortland, who engaged them and a corvette for three hours. Captain Shortland was killed, and the Juno obliged to strike, being just ready to sink. She was immediately burnt by the French."

Our readers are invited to an attentive perusal of the following article from the London Courier of the 17th November; the Courier, our readers will understand, is a ministerial paper.

It appears that the mission of Mr. Adams had not escaped notice in England. Our negociations with the French government are noticed with more than usual attention.

The public mind in Great Britain will be prepared for the dismissal of their minister. That circumstance corresponding with the expectations formed by French statesmen, may, with the negociations with Russia and France, induce an expectation in England, that this country is determined against any accommodation. We forbear to express all our apprehensions, but we fear that a very few months will pass away before our country will be found in a situation, for which we see no effective measures of preparation—No precaution to secure the immense property daily leaving our ports.—[*Norfolk Ledger.*]

"It seems to be expected by Bonaparte that America will be drawn within the vortex of his policy against this country, or as it is called the continental system, the system by which the continent is to be ruined, in the hopes that the British empire may be ruined also. Gen. Armstrong, who was to have left France in the beginning of October, but who remains still at Paris, is said to have been among the first to carry to Fontainbleau, the homage of his congratulations at the successful issue of the contest against Austria. The general was most favorably received, he was honored with a private conference, and a vessel was immediately ordered to be got ready to carry despatches to the American government. By some it is said that the French government has presented general Armstrong with the project of a treaty between the two countries, by others it is asserted, that the invitation made to America is, to form an alliance with France, Russia, Sweden and Denmark, to be called, if she accedes to it, the Quintuple alliance, for the purpose of atchieving what Bonaparte styles "the freedom of the seas." The expectation that she will accede to it has been for some time strongly circulated at Paris, and indeed it should seem as if the negociation between the American government and M. Champagny had been renewed before Bonaparte's return to Paris. However that may be, it is certain that the expectation to which we have alluded, has been held out in publications known to be official. About a week ago we selected a passage on that subject, from a work under the direction of the Senator Francois de Neufchateau. As the passage is now, from recent intelligence received from Paris, become of the more interest, we republish it:—

"In fact, the peace with Russia is but the happy prelude to that which is about to unite all the northern flags, like a fasces, against that flag which pretends to keep them all in a state of annihilation. It is beyond a doubt that Sweden will treat with Denmark, with Prussia, and obtain from France oblivion of the past. On their side, the United States approximate as much as possible the powers of the North, by bringing, as a first guarantee of their amicable dispositions, the resentment which has been produced by the conduct of England towards them. Their ambassador to Russia is arrived at Copenhagen. The Americans do more—they have rejected the British minister, Mr. Jackson.

"Every thing then induces us to believe that by supporting nobly the contest in which they are engaged by honor and well understood interest, the Americans will not lose sight of the memorable words addressed to them by his majesty the emperor of the French, through the medium of his minister for foreign affairs—that the intentions and motives of that monarch will be judged, as well as the acts of which he makes mention; and that conformably to the wise advice and useful encouragement contained in it, the English will soon find in the north of the two Hemispheres, a long chain, by which their vessels will be stopped and their pride checked."

Capt. Johnson, of the brig Little Cherub, arrived yesterday morning in 18 days from St. Bartholomews, informs us, that great preparations were making in the British islands to go against Guadaloupe—that the expedition would sail early in February—and that two French frigates had arrived at Bassaterre on the 17th of December, from France, which had landed troops and sailed immediately; they are part of a large squadron hourly expected with further reinforcements.

We further learn from a passenger in the brig Little Cherub from St. Bartholomews, that a French brig of war from France for Guadaloupe laden with provisions & troops, has recently been sent into Antigua by a British frigate, and that the brig's despatches were intercepted by the British—that in the dispatches it was stated, that the emperor had fitted out in the different ports in France 80 sail of frigates, and smaller armed vessels to carry troops and provisions to the island of Guadaloupe, being determined to keep the western part of the island; that two French frigates had arrived at Guadaloupe on the 17th of December, landed 500 troops and some provisions, and sailed again in the course of 48 hours—that the island of Guadaloupe was well supplied with provisions.

(New York pap. Jan. 12.)

Congress of the United States.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

THURSDAY, *January* 18.

[*Taken for the Alexandria Gazette.*]

A communication from the secretary of war respecting clerks was read and ordered to be printed.

Mr. Bacon from the committee for revising the patent laws of the U. States, reported a bill "for the encouragement of learning and other purposes." Referred to a committee of the whole house on Monday next.

Mr. Key presented the petition of Robert Brent paymaster of the army of the U. S. praying an increase of salary. Referred to the committee of ways and means.

Mr. Dana offered the following resolution which was adopted and a committee appointed to present it to the president.

Resolved, That the President of the U. States be requested to cause to be laid before this house, copies of the orders or instructions issued under the present or any former administration, with respect to foreign armed ships and vessels of whatever description, being within the waters of the United States, excepting such parts as may in his judgment, be improper for public communication.

Mr. Love, from the committee on the District of Columbia, reported a bill to amend the act incorporating the Washington and Alexandria Turnpike Companies. Read and referred to a committee of the whole.

Mr. Tallmadge presented the petition of Nathaniel Goodwin, praying for commutation and public lands. Referred to the committee of claims.

Mr. Dana's resolution of last evening, to call on the Secretary of War to lay before the house a general account of the returns of the detachments of 100,000 militia made under former laws, was taken up and passed.

The acts for the relief of John N. Stout—for the relief of Caldwell, Jackson and others; and for removing slaves from one part of the District of Columbia to another, were read and passed.

A motion to take up the *gag-rule* was made and lost—49 to 50.

Mr. Macon's bill respecting the commercial intercourse between the United States and Great-Britain and France, was taken up.

A question of order came up which caused debate and was finally decided by the house.

Mr. Livermore then made a motion to strike out the fifth section.

Mr. Haven spoke against the section and against every part of the bill except the section which interdicts foreign armed ships from our waters, and the one which repeals the old non-intercourse law.

The question for striking out was then taken, and lost, ayes 50, noes 72.

Mr. Macon moved to add a clause to the bill, to have it continue in force until the end of the present session of Congress, and no longer.

Mr. Rhea moved to strike out the whole of the last section of the bill, so as to make the law permanent.

Mr. Sheffy was for Mr. Rhea's motion to strike out the limitation.

Mr. Quincy against striking out the limitation.

SHIP NEWS.

Port of Alexandria.

ARRIVED,

Brig Mary-Ann, Dyer, Cadiz—salt, wine and fruits—to James Patton & others.

CLEARED,

Schooner William, Hatch, Boston, by John G. Ladd and C. I. Catlett.

Schooner Polly and Sally, Stelly, Baltimore—by the master.

Sloop Lydia, Potter, New-York—do.

Bank of Alexandria.

JANUARY 1, 1810.

NOTICE is hereby given to the stockholders of the Bank of Alexandria, that a dividend of three and a half per cent. on the capital stock of said Bank for the half year ending this day is delared, and will be ready to be paid to them on Thursday the 4th inst.

By order of the President and Directors,

Gurden Chapen, Cashier.

January 2. eo3w

ANTHONY RHODES,

PRINCE-STREET,

HAS FOR SALE,

FACTORY COTTON Yarn of various numbers, for wearing and knitting, American Ginghams, Stripes, Chambrays,—Bedticking, Shirting, Sheeting and Diapers, also Cotton Threads of various colors, all at factory prices—Rhode-Island Cheese, Potatoes, Cyder and Apples, by the barrel, Beef and Herrings, per barrel, Mould & dip't Candles, per box, Sugar, per barrel, Curant Wine, per barrel, Cotton, per bale, coarse Cotton Handkerchiefs, per bale or piece—Also a number of Rhode-Island built Moses Boats—Mens and Womens Shoes, and Groceries as usual.

January 9. eo

Public Sale.

UNDER the authority of a deed of trust from *Samuel Bailey* to us, for the purpose of securing the payment of certain debts to *William Wilson*, surviving administrator of *Cumberland Wilson*, deceased, and to *Benjamin Botts*, we will offer at public sale, for cash, on the 19th day of March next, at the front door of the court-house, in Fairfax county, a TRACT OF LAND, in the said county, described in the deed as situated on Occoquan Creek, adjoining to the town of Colchester, and devised to the said *Samuel Bailey* by his father *William Bailey*—supposed to contain four hundred acres.

Thomas Harrison, jun.
R. I. Taylor.

December 8. eots

☞ A Meeting of the Subscribers to the *Domestic Manufacture Company*, and others that are friendly to the Institution, is requested at the Court-House to-morrow Evening at 6 o'clock, on buiness which concerns the welfare of the Company.

January 19.

New Shoe Store.

S. & D. REED,

RESPECTFULLY inform the inhabitants of Alexandria and its vicinity, that they have just opened and for sale, in Fairfax street, three doors from King street, a general assortment of ladies, gentlemens, misses, boys and childrens SHOES of every description, particularly selected from the best factories, of the best materials and newest patterns.

☞ A so a fine quality of HATS.

January 19. eo6t

Alexandria Dancing Assemblies.

The second Alexandria Dancing Assembly will be on FRIDAY evening next, the 19th inst.—The third on FRIDAY evening the 2d of February;—and the fourth two weeks after the Birth Night.

The Managers.

Jannary 15. 3t19th.

A FEW HOGSHEADS

First quality Molasses,

FOR SALE BY

Robert Anderson.

January 18.

Wanted to Hire,

An active Lad, from 14 to 17 years of age, that has been accustomed to house-work—he would be taken for one or more years, and would have an opportunity of learning a useful business. Liberal wages will be given. Enquire of the Printer.

January 13.

Potomac Land for Sale.

WISHING to remove to the upper country, I offer for sale, the FARM on which I live, in the county of King George, lying on the Potomac River and Reader's Creek, and containing about 700 acres, about 300 of which are cleared, and the largest portion of it of the first description of Potomac low grounds; the residue of the tract is about equally divided between oak and cedar, the latter peculiarly valuable for all the purposes of enclosing. The preference which this place claims over most others in the advantages of living, such as wild fowl, fish, oysters, crabs, &c. renders it an highly desirable establishment for any gentleman who may wish to reside on tide water. The improvements on this property are complete, consisting of a two story dwelling house, 60 by 20 feet containing seven rooms, with passages and excellent cellars; another two story dwelling house, containing three rooms and a cellar; a new meat house, dairy, ice house, stables, corn houses, and every kind of necessary enclosure. To this property is annexed a new and most valuable overshot mill, with two pair stones, bolting cloth, cob-machine, cotton do. &c. The terms of sale will be made as easy to the purchaser as he can reasonably ask.

T. Turner.

Marengo, Jan. 17. eo9t

Marine Insurance Company of Alexandria.

INSURANCE OFFICE, Jan. 1810.

THE stockholders in this institution are hereby notified that the directors have this day declared a dividend of eight per cent on that part of the capital stock now paid, for the last six months—which will be ready to be paid to the stockholders or their legal representatives in ten days from this date.

By order,

J. B. Nickolls, *Sec'y.*

January 4. eo

NOTICE.

THE subscriber by virtue of a deed of trust to him from WILLIAM HODGSON, dated on the 28th day of November in the year 1808, for the purpose of securing *John Hopkins*, on the 6th day of February next, and at the hour of twelve o'clock of that day—if the day is not a fair one, then on the first fair day thereafter and at the same hour will proceed to sell for ready money, at public auction, to the highest bidder, on the premises,

The Fee-simple Estate

In the following Property, to wit:

About five acres and ten poles of ground with the houses thereon, situate in the county of Alexandria, in the vicinity of the town of Alexandria, and adjoining the west side of Belview, the residence of Mr. Hodgson, which five acres and ten poles are now in the possession of Mr. Hodgson.

Edmund L. Lee, *Trustee.*

January 4. 3ots

Valuable Property for Sale.

IN pursuance of a deed executed to the subscribers on the 11th day of August, 1808, by the late *Robert T. Hooe*, Esq. in trust for certain purposes thereby expressed, they will proceed to sell at public auction, at the Coffee-House, in the town of Alexandria, on the first Monday in March next, the following *valuable Property, viz.*

One Lot of Ground in the said town of Alexandria, lying eastward of Union and between Duke and Wolfe streets, with a Wharf extended from the same into the river: This lot fronts feet on the Potomac.

One other Lot, situated on Water street, between Prince and Duke-streets, and fronting about 27 feet on Water-street. This lot is handsomely enclosed, and there is a very productive garden upon it.

The undivided Moiety of the following Property, all situated in the said town of Alexandria, to wit—

One Moiety of the Property on which the said *R. T. Hooe* lately resided situated at the corner of Prince and Water-streets, and fronting feet or thereabouts on Water, and feet on Prince streets. On this property there are extensive Brick Buildings, forming a large and well finished Dwelling House & three Stores, with all necessary out houses, a pump in the yard and an excellent garden.

ALSO,

The undivided Moiety of a House and Lot situated at the corner of Water and Duke streets, fronting feet on Water, and feet on Duke. This property is subject to an annual ground rent forever of sixty one and an half dollars.

The whole of the above property except the last is free of encumbrance, and will be shewn at any time to such as desire to be informed about it. The sale will be made on a credit of 6, 12 and 18 months for approved indorsed notes, negotiable at the bank of Alexandria.

Charles Simms,
Thomas Swann,
R. Harrison.

Nov. 30 eo

LOUIS BEELER,

CONFECTIONER,

NEAR THE WASHINGTON TAVERN, KING-STREET, ALEXANDRIA.

TAKES the liberty of informing his friends in particular, and the public in general, that he continues to carry on the Confectionary Business in all its branches, in a manner superior to most, and inferior to none in the United States, from his knowledge of the business, having practised in most of the countries in Europe. By giving previous notice, parties can be supplied with Cakes, ornamented in any form. He will dispose of every article in his line, either wholesale or retail, on the most moderate terms.—He has on hand, all kinds of *Confectionaries:* among which are, preserved limes, citrons, orange peel, strawberries, apricots, &c. &c. A large assortment of Martinique Cordial, Wine Bitters, Almonds, Raisins, Currants, Grapes, Oranges, Orange Flower and Rose Water, &c.

All orders will be gratefully received, and executed with particular attention and dispatch.

January 17. eo6t.

N. B. On hand, a few boxes best Spanish Cigars, for retail.

Pinkerton's Collection of Voyages and Travels,

Forming a complete History of the Origin and Progress of Discovery by Sea and Land, from the most authentic Sources.

THE first number of this valuable Work is just come to hand and is ready for inspection at the store of the subscriber, in King-street, and with Mr. *Triplet*, at the coffee house.

Fully aware of the impositions that have been practised upon the public by strangers soliciting subscriptions from distant places; the Editors invite their examination of a Work perhaps the most useful, entertaining as well as extensive in its kind that has ever been undertaken in any country. And they flatter themselves that the American will by no means shrink from a comparison with the London edition, tho' offered at six dollars per Vol. less.

This number may be considered as a fair specimen of the execution of the work, and will be left a short time for examination, before the 2d number is put to press. After this the subscription will be raised to $2 25 each number; and but a few more copies printed than are sufficient to supply the subscribers, that the early patrons of this valuable Work may have a decided advantage—subsequent applications may therefore come too late.

It is also the intention of the Editor to annex to the last number a complete list of names of the subscribers as the patrons and encouragers of useful knowledge, the arts and literature of the United States.

Subscriptions are received by the suscriber.

James Kennedy, sen.

LANDS
Near Alexandria to be Rented.

I WILL rent on moderate terms, to approved tenants, the whole, or any part of the following

VALUABLE PROPERTY.

160 acres comprehending that beautiful island called Belisle, and upwards of 60 acres of marsh adjoining; the soil is excellent, and well adapted to the cultivation of oats, indian corn, vegetables and grasses; the marsh would afford a fund of manure for the adjoining lands, and is capable of being converted at an expence probably not exceeding 2000 dollars, into a watered meadow of inexhaustible fertility. The island has been joined to the main by a substantial causeway, abounds with wild fowl, and affords two excellent fishing landings for shad and herrings, which from their proximity to three rising cities, have been fished for several seasons past to great advantage. The improvements are a young apple orchard, a timothy meadow, and a house for the accommodation of fishermen.

140 acres situate on the east-ern side of the Washington and Alexandria turnpike road, and distant about 1 mile from Alexandria, 5 from Washington and half a mile from the river. This property is under good enclosure, and will be divided into a number of handsome lots, well adapted to grass, gardens, or country retreats

60 acres bounded by the west-ern side of the said turnpike; will be divided into lots of a convenient depth, some of which will be sold in fee simple, affording a delightful view of the Potomac and Analosta rivers; of the navy yard and the cities of Washington, Alexandria and Georgetown.

120 acres situate about a mile from Alexandria, and extending nearly a mile on each side of the Georgetown turnpike road. The whole of this tract lies remarkably level, and may be converted into grass lots, and meadow, equal to any in the county

30 Acres adjacent to the Fe-deral Spring, near the country seat of captain William Harper. A great part of this tract is prime meadow land; the situation well calculated for a retreat, or for a place of public entertainment, possessing the advantage of some excellent springs, and a fine picturesque prospect.

500 acres, situate between the new George-Town turnpike and Leesburg road, 150 acres whereof are arable and meadow land, the remainder woodland. Upon the premises there is a small but convenient dwelling house, situate on a commanding eminence, with kitchen, laundry, ice house, smoke house, corn house, stables, overseer's house, and other convenient out houses, a choice selection of fruit trees from the best nurseries, many of them in full bearing, consisting of the finest pears, peaches, apples, quinces, cherries, plumbs, almonds, apricots, mulberries, &c. with walnuts, grapes, strawberries, currants, and other hortuian productions, a never failing spring of water, and a meadow below the hill, lately sown and well set with timothy. In point of salubrity of air, beauty of prospect, fertility of soil and pleasantness of situation, this tract is equalled by few in the district.

ALSO,

For sale, or to be leased on ground rent for ever,

Upwards of 700 Building Lots, situate in the northern district of the town of Alexandria, partly on Queen, Columbus and Alfred streets, near the Episcopal church, and partly on Washington, Madison, Oronoko and Fairfax streets, among which are about 40 Lots fronting on the river, where the channel is bold, navigable and well calculated for wharfing.

A plot and surveys will be shewn by col: George Gilpin, and the terms made known upon application to

Ch. Alexander.

January 4. eo1m

Orphans' Court,

Alexandria County, Dec. Term, 1809.

Ordered, that the executor of Wm. Fitzhugh of Chatham, deceased, do insert the following advertisement three times a week for eight weeks in the Alexandria Daily Gazette.

Teste,

Alex. Moore, Register.

This is to give Notice,

That the subscriber of Alexandria county, in the district of Columbia, has obtained from the Orphans' Court of said county letters testamentary on the estate of Wm. Fitzhugh, Esquire, of Chatham, late of the county aforesaid, deceased: all persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the vouchers thereof to Alexander Moore, Register of Wills of Alexandria, on or before the 23d day of June next, or they may by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. And those indebted thereto are requested to make immediate payment. Given under my hand this 23d day of December, 1809.

Robert Randolph,
Executor of Wm. Fitzhugh, of Chatham

For Sale,

The following VALUABLE PROPERTY.

A TRACT OF LAND,

CONTAINING 1600 acres, more or less, called and known by the name of Buffaloe Marsh, lying within 13 miles of Winchester, in the county of Frederick, in the state of Virginia. On about 900 acres of this tract there are several very well improved farms tenanted for life or lives, the balance free of all incumbrance, including an excellent merchant mill built with stone, the whole yielding an annual rent of about 800 dollars. Much of this tract is very fertile, well watered, and all abundance of timber. It is generally rolling, but part of it is hilly and stoney, chiefly of lime stone. It will be laid off to suit purchasers.

Another tract, called Hollis's Marsh, lying in the county of Westmoreland containg about 2800 acres, bordering on the river Potomac, adjoining the Stratford estate, and the late residence of Richard Lee, esq. of Chantilly. On the estate are a number of farms and tenants at will. Part of this land is extremely fertile, and all of it as good as the lands generally are in that part of the country. The Marsh affords excellent range for stock, and is happily situated for fish and fowls of which that river abounds, and must be a desirable estate to any person who may choose to reside in that part of the country.—It will however be laid off to suit purchasers.

The above lands are held by deeds of purchase duly recorded in the general court,

Another tract containing 992 acres, lying in the county of Berkeley, adjoining the residence of Rawleigh Colston, esq. of which about 660 acres is leased for the balance of the life of an aged man, the rest tenanted at will. This land is situate in what is called the big bend of Potomac, and borders on it. In point of fertility it is esteemed inferior to none in that part of the state and is held by deed from James Marshall, esq.

Seven other tracts containing 1000 acres each, adjoining each other in the county of Mason, within a few miles of the Ohio, between the two Kanhawa's on the waters of Sandy Creek, which runs through a considerable part of it. It adjoins the lands of general Washington, and the late Benjamin Harrison, jun esq. A large portion of it is rich bottom and the upland of very good quality. It is held under the original patentee by deeds duly recorded in the general court.

Five full & complete Shares in the Dismal Swamp Company.

Upwards of 16,000 acres of Lands, being very old military rights, lying in the states of Ohio, Kentucky and the Indiana territory, chiefly patented in my own name and ready to be shewn.

A more particular description of the foregoing property may be seen by applying to Mr. Thomas Taylor, of Richmond, who is authorized to make contracts, or to myself in Alexandria. The titles are all undoubted and the terms proposed are, one fourth in cash at the time of conveyance, the balance in three instalments, the last two to be on interest from the date. Any species of the public stock and of the different Banks in the United States of Insurance Companies—of the Potomac Bridge and Turnpike Companies will be received in payment according to their fair value. Ground rents in the city of Richmond and town of Alexandria, or Houses and Lots, will likewise be received in payment according to such rates as may be agreed upon.

John Hopkins.

July 27. 2aw6m

Just Received

And for sale by James Kennedy, sen. Bookseller, King street,

Gentleman and Lady's Pocket Almanacs, in plain and Morocco bindings, for the year 1810.

AND

Johnson's Virginia and Farmer's Almanacs for do. containing a variety of useful and entertaining matter—by the dozen or otherwise.

ALSO,

Dr. Hooper's Physicians Vademecum—just published—a very useful Manual for young gentlemen of the faculty. Price 112 cents.

Dr. Rees's Medical Guide.

Pennington's Memoirs of Mrs. Eliza Carter.

Blair's Lectures on Rhetorick and the Belles Lettres.

Adams's Roman Antiquities.

Complete Farrier (new edition.)

Misses' Magazine—2 vols.

Porteu's Lectures on St. Matthew.

Dr. Newcome's Harmony of the Evangelists.

Mrs. West's Letters to a Young Man.

Cowper's Poems and Task—seperate, elegant miniature editions.

Mediator's Kingdom, not of this World. 37 and half cents.

December 7. eotf

Joseph H. Mandeville,

Offers for sale the following articles, by wholesale or retail.

3000 bush. Lisbon and Liverpool Salt
20000 lbs Green Coffee, in barrels and bags
5000 Goshen Cheese, of excellent quality in casks
1000 New England do. do.
200 bbls. of Herrings, Shad and Mackarel
50 tons Plaister Paris
20 bales prime Upland Georgia Cotton,
10 hhds. Jamaica, Antigua and Demarara Rum
4 pipes French and ditto Brandy
15 hhds. Muscovado Sugar
50 bbls. do. do. different qualities
2 hhds. Copperas

Gunpowder, Imperial, Hyson, Young Hyson, and Hyson Skin, } TEAS.

Madeira, Lisbon, Claret, and Catalonia } WINES,

Holland and Country Gin.
New England Rum in hhds. and bbls.
Peach and Apple Brandy in bbls.
Martinique Cordials, in boxes
Loaf and Lump Sugar, Havannah Honey per gallon, Figblue,
Molasses in hhds. Spanish Flotant Indigo, Spanish Cigars, Butter,
Harris's and Taylor's manufactured Tobacco in kegs,
Gunpowder and Shot of different sizes,
Cinnamon, Nutmegs, Pepper, Pimento, Chocolate Nos. 1 and 3, Mould and Dipt Candles,
Malaga Raisins in boxes,
Pipes in boxes, 3 gross each,
Hingham box's, Hamilton's Garrett's and Leiper's Snuff in bottles,
London and Philadelphia Mustard,
Writing and Wrapping Paper,
Bed Cords, Leading Lines, &c.

ALSO,

A constant supply of WATER CRACKERS and best SUPERFINE FLOUR, by retail, and
50 hhds. of Maryland and Virginia Tobacco.

November 30.

New Tooth Extractor.

THE subscriber has effected an improvement in the instrument for extracting teeth, by which that operation is rendered considerably less painful, and more safe, than by the common method, and applies in all cases.

During some months use of this instrument, (the only one except Bruff's Patent, where that will apply) the jaw has in no instance been injured, nor the gum torn (or lacerated.)

Persons who chuse it, attended at their homes as usual. Apply lower end of Prince-street to

Ch: Douglas.

Intending to apply for a patent, it cannot be seen for examination at present.

December 28. eo3m

Orphans' Court,

Alexandria County, Jan. Term, 1810.

Ordered, That the executors of *Christian Ludwick Hellrigel*, deceased, do insert the following advertisement three times in each week for for four weeks, in the Alexandria Daily Gazette.

Teste.

Alex. Moore, Register.

This is to give Notice,

THAT the subscribers of Alexandria county, in the district of Columbia, have obtained from the Orphan's Court of said county, letters testamentary on the estate of *Christian Ludwick Hellrigel*, late of the county aforesaid dec'd. all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscribers on or before the 10th day of July next, or they may by law be excluded from all benefit to said estate, and those indebted thereto are required to make immediate payment.

Given under our hand this 10th day of January, 1810.

Barbara Hellrigle, *Ex'trx.*
Jacob Christian Hellrigel,
John Douglas,
Ex'rs of Christian Ludwick Hellrigel.

January 10 3taw2w.

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505 Acres of Land for Sale.

I WISH TO SELL the above quantity of LAND, situated near the road leading from Georgetown to Alexandria, and about an equal distance from each town.

This property is fully one half covered with wood, which will render it an eligible purchase, on the terms that I will sell it.

George H Terrett, Esq. will shew the land to any gentleman who shes to see it, and will give the necessary information.

George H. Chapman.

December 18. 2aw